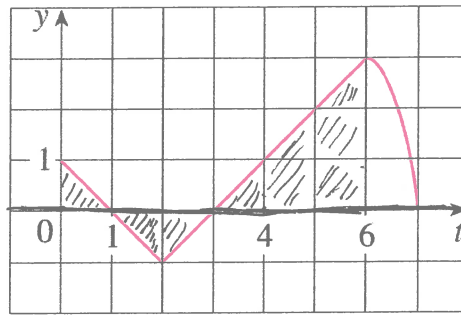


Let  $g(x) = \int_0^x f(t) dt$ , where  $f$  is the function whose graph is shown.



- (a) Evaluate  $g(x)$  for  $x = 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5,$  and  $6$ .
- (b) Estimate  $g(7)$ .
- (c) Where does  $g$  have a maximum value? Where does it have a minimum value?
- (d) Sketch a rough graph of  $g$ .

a)

$x$	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
$g(x)$	0	.5	0	-0.5	0	1.5	4

b)  $g(7) \approx 6.5$

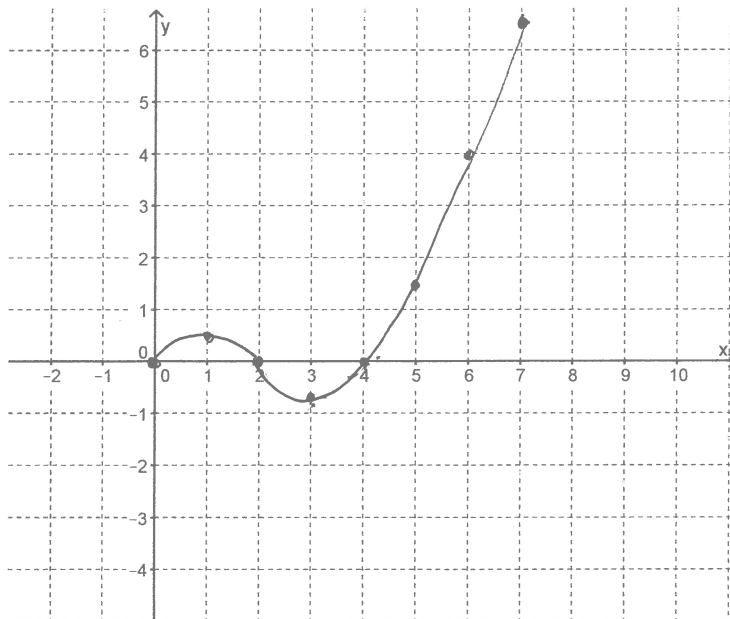
c)  $g$  is maximum at  $x = 7$

accumulated the most area

$g$  is minimum at  $x = 3$

subtracted the most area

d)



a) Find an integral expression for the area function  $A(x)$ .

$$A(x) = \int_2^x 2t + 5 \, dt$$

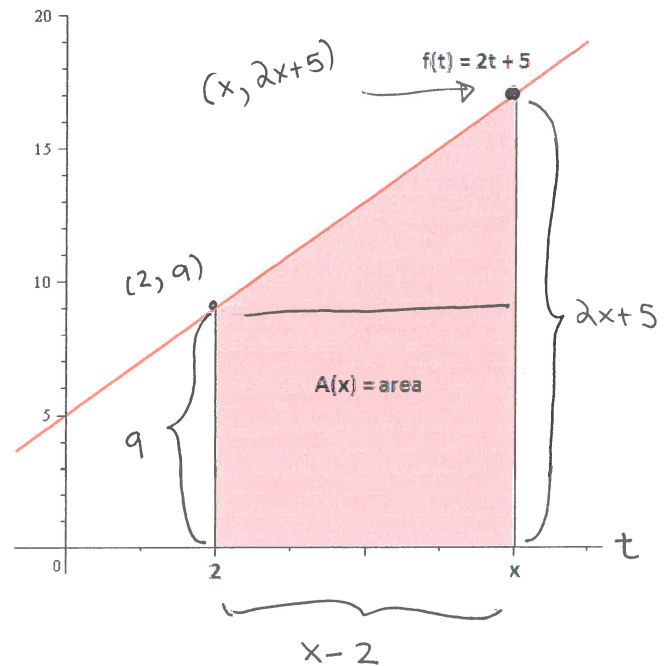
b) Use geometry to find an algebraic expression for the area function.

$$A(x) = \underbrace{\left[ \text{rectangle} \right]}_{x-2} \left\{ 9 \right\} + \underbrace{\left[ \text{triangle} \right]}_{x-2} \left\{ 2x-4 \right\}$$

$$= 9(x-2) + \frac{1}{2}(x-2)(2x-4)$$

$$= 9x - 18 + \frac{1}{2}(2x^2 - 8x + 8) = 9x - 18 + x^2 - 4x + 4$$

$$= x^2 + 5x - 14$$



c) Compute the derivative of  $A(x)$ .

$$A'(x) = 2x + 5$$

d) What do you notice about  $A'(x)$  and  $f(x)$ ?

$$A'(x) = f(x)$$

$$f(t) = 2t + 5$$

$$f(x) = 2x + 5$$